

## APPENDIX

<b>Domains of Civic Engagement – Sears 2014</b>			
<b>Formal Politics</b>	<b>Political Advocacy</b>	<b>Civil Society</b>	<b>Grassroots/ Community Action</b>
<p>Characterized by engagement in the formal political system including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• voting,</li> <li>• attending political meetings and rallies,</li> <li>• joining political parties,</li> <li>• participating in campaigns,</li> <li>• presenting to legislative committees,</li> <li>• running for office, etc.</li> </ul>	<p>Characterized by engagement outside of the structures of the formal political system with the intention of affecting change within, through, or to those structures including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• signing petitions,</li> <li>• boycotting,</li> <li>• demonstrating,</li> <li>• lobbying,</li> <li>• participating in social media campaigns,</li> <li>• writing or presenting in the media, etc.</li> </ul>	<p>Characterized by engagement within ongoing civil society organizations or institutions including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• labour unions,</li> <li>• religious groups,</li> <li>• environmental organizations,</li> <li>• service clubs,</li> <li>• heritage groups,</li> <li>• youth organizations,</li> <li>• academic and professional societies, and</li> <li>• other non-governmental organizations.</li> </ul>	<p>Characterized by peripheral, sporadic, or temporary engagement with a community group or project including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• volunteering,</li> <li>• working on short term projects,</li> <li>• involvement with community sporting or cultural events, etc.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Measuring What Matters: Citizenship Domain Review of Literature – Alan Sears, University of New Brunswick 2014 – used with permission by A. Sears, author and <a href="#">People for Education</a></b></p>			



**Citizens** strongly connected to **self, community, and place** reflect upon their decisions and actions as it relates to their world.